

DEFENSIVE PLANS FOR A COALING CHAIN IN THE PACIFIC

American Defense Society Announces Program and Platform Which Includes Many Measures For Protection of America

STATIONS FOR COALING OF SHIPS VITAL NECESSITY

Conservation of Naval Petroleum Supply in United States and Adequate Reserve of Guns and Ammunition Included in Scheme

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

NEW YORK, December 17.—The American Defense Society which will hold a congress of preparedness next month, has announced the platform it has decided to adopt, and the measures it will advocate before the nation. This program includes universal military training, the immediate acquisition of a proper supply of guns and ammunition, the establishment of a chain of fortified coaling stations in the Pacific, and the preservation of the naval petroleum reserves.

The congress of constructive patriotism, for America, is to be held in Washington on January 25, 26 and 27, next, under the auspices of the National Security League, which before deciding definitely to hold the congress consulted a large number of prominent men and women in all parts of the country as to its advisability.

Among those who responded favorably were Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University; Dr. David Starr Jordan, of Leland Stanford University; Prof. Henry W. Henshaw, of Yale University; Charles L. Dering, president Chicago Chamber of Commerce; Medill McCormick, of the Chicago Tribune; and E. H. Butler, of the Buffalo Evening News; Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the National City Bank of New York; Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; Henry B. Joy, of Detroit; Charles Nagel, Meredith Nicholson, Frederic R. Coudert, Governor William P. Hunt, of Arizona; Dr. H. W. Wiley, United States Senators Chamberlain of Oregon and Wadsworth of New York; Miss Maud Wetmore, Herbert W. Bowen, former minister to Persia; Joseph Leiter, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Miss Mabel T. Boardman, Charles A. Munn, publisher of the Scientific American; Gen. John F. O'Ryan, of the New York National Guard; Gen. E. W. Nichols, superintendent of the Military Institute; Brooks Adams, of Boston; Representative Gardner, of Massachusetts; former United States Senator Lafayette Young, of Iowa, and many others prominent in the financial, commercial, educational and professional world. These letters analyzed American conditions in thoughtful fashion and without exception agreed that the congress proposed to be held would make a marked impression upon the American mind and would unquestionably go far towards developing, strengthening and unifying national spirit.

Educational Campaign

The main objective of the congress, S. Stanwood Menken, chairman of the executive committee of the National Security League, said yesterday, "will be to determine how, through education, the American people can acquire non-partisan knowledge of questions that go to the root of America's position as a world power; to determine how to bring to the masses an understanding of the diplomatic problems the country has to deal with, and to show the direct relation which the solution of such problems has not only upon industrial prosperity, but the ultimate safety and destiny of the nation. Primarily related to the position of the country as a world power are not alone the defense questions, but the matter of industrial preparedness and the attainment of maximum efficiency of government in a manner suitable to the spirit of our people. These and kindred questions will be taken up by the league, and it is hoped that the ultimate development of the congress will be a broad educational campaign carried along scientific lines for the presentation of these questions to the American people. It is because of the desire to do this work that the congress is called a congress of constructive patriotism."

Seeking Real Harmony

The problem of developing a unified American spirit is considered of such importance as to demand consideration of an entire session of the Congress. The National Americanization Committee, of which Frank Trumbull, chairman of the board of directors of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad is chairman, will provide a presiding officer and speakers for this session. The subjects for discussion will include educational preparedness for American-

Congress Ready To Spank Them Both Asserts Adamson

Father of Eight Hour Law Waxes Wrathful When He Hears Railroad Men May Work For Repeal of Measure

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

WASHINGTON, December 18.—When informed that a report was current that the heads of the railroad brotherhoods planned to work for the repeal of the Adamson eight-hour act, it is modified to the disadvantage of the railroad men, Representative Adamson, father of the law, was aroused to retort in kind. Adamson said to a correspondent: "Congress will see that the public gets a fair deal. If it becomes necessary to spank both sides, we will spank them. The law was not passed in the interest of either side in the controversy, but for the benefit of the general public."

Adamson was aroused to this expression on hearing a report that the brotherhoods contemplated formulating a working agreement with the railroad heads which they intended to substitute for the Adamson law. Members of the brotherhoods and heads of some of the trunk lines have been in conference in Chicago for a number of days.

RADIUM FAILURE AS CANCER CURE

Experts Find Large Quantities May Prolong Life and Ease Suffering of Patient

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

NEW YORK, December 17.—That radium is powerless to effect a cure of cancer or tumor is the gist of a report issued yesterday by Dr. Francis Carter Wood, member of the Crocker Research foundation, of Columbia University after months of the most careful investigation. The expert admits that in exceptional cases and by the use of large quantities of radium it is possible to ease the patient and even to prolong life in a few cases. "Our investigation led us to the conclusion that while it is possible in some cases to ease the suffering of the patient, and in other and still rarer cases to prolong the life of some sufferers, by the use of large quantities of radium, it is equally certain that the use of small quantities of the radium results in the rapid extension of the malignant tumor or cancer."

POLAND GOVERNMENT COMPLETELY ALTERED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

BERLIN, December 17.—According to a decree which will become valid January 1, the jurisdiction of the government of Poland will be completely altered by the German authorities there. The use of Polish barred by Russia, will be permitted equally with German in the courts.

The Overseas News Agency yesterday announced that the first meeting of the Polish national council will be held before Christmas, and the assembly will convene in February.

COUNTRY IS BARRED TO BARON OPPENHEIM

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

NEW YORK, December 18.—Immigration officials here yesterday prevented the landing of Baron R. E. Oppenheim, who is said to be a member of the famous banking family of that name which has large financial interests in both London and Paris. Oppenheim arrived on the Dutch steamer Noordam and is being detained at Ellis Island pending his deportation to Europe. No reason has been given by the authorities for the action.

Interned German Eludes Blockade

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

BERLIN, December 17.—The steamer Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, which has been interned since the outbreak of the war in the port of Odde near Bergen, has slipped out of her position and leaving her anchor behind her broke through the blockade and has arrived at the German port of Avang.

ization and the question of Americanizing immigrants.

The directors of the league are also of the belief that efficiency in government and in civic life is a direct result of the Americanization movement and a discussion of this point of preparedness will include the substitution of careful planning for logrolling in State finance; the efficiency of foreign governments; and an outlook of financial planning for the nation."

SUBMARINE TOLL MOUNTS STEADILY

Sink Two Ships and Capture Third, Says Report Reaching London

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

LONDON, December 18.—German submarines yesterday took a toll of two ships and captured a third, which was carrying contraband and was brought into the German port. The Danish steamer Mischel Ostschouff and the British schooner Constance Mary were both sunk either by mines or submarines. According to an Overseas News Agency report, the Norwegian steamer Rigit, carrying contraband to London, was captured by a German warship and towed into a German port. The American schooner Marcus Urann was abandoned by her crew after the vessel had become waterlogged and unseaworthy.

PINEAPPLE PROPERTY BRINGS GOOD PRICE

Deeds Recording Sale Filed At Bureau of Conveyances

Deeds recording the conveyance to Libby, McNeill & Libby of the Fred C. Haley pineapple properties, the sale of which was announced some time ago, were filed at the bureau of conveyances this week. The big company, has acquired control of the Honolulu Pineapple Company, of which Haley was the head. By one deed Haley transfers to Libby, McNeill & Libby certain lands and other property at Koolaula for \$20,000, and by another he conveys to the Hawaiian Pineapple Company lands and property in the same district for \$50,000.

There was also recorded a deed by Otto G. Malkow, trustee, conveys to the Hawaiian Pineapple Company property in the same district, the consideration named being \$25,000, the property concerned having been previously conveyed by Haley to Malkow.

BLOODED STOCK FOR HAWAII ARRIVES

Another shipment of fine, blooded stock for Hawaii arrived on the Matson steamship Lurline Wednesday when forty-two Ayshire cows came in from the coast, billed to W. H. Rice of Kauai.

As a matter of fact, Mr. Rice will get more than he bargained for, for two husky calves were born during the voyage.

In addition to the four-legged stock, the Lurline brought several consignments of pure-blooded chickens. Several crates of the fowls were consigned to Mr. Rice. Another consignment was for Leslie C. Clark of Honolulu.

J. Bortfeld, who came down as a passenger on the Lurline, brought with him fifteen dozen chickens, intended for the poultry business which he and his son, a local man, plan to establish at Kapahulu. The birds brought down by Mr. Bortfeld came from Petaluma, California, the greatest chicken raising town in the United States.

Mr. Bortfeld also brought with him four head of hogs and plans on raising hogs on a considerable scale.

INHERITANCE TAX CHANGES PROPOSED

Radical changes in the inheritance tax laws of Hawaii are proposed by Charles H. Merriam, secretary of the tax commission, and they will be taken up for consideration by the commission in a short time. If found advisable, the commission will recommend to the legislature that the laws be amended accordingly.

In brief, Mr. Merriam recommends a graduated inheritance tax instead of the present flat rate of two per cent on all sums inherited in excess of \$5,000 and five per cent on others, than near relatives on sums over \$500.

Under the new plan near relatives would pay at the following rate: \$5,000 to \$10,000 at 1 per cent; \$10,000 to \$20,000 at 2 per cent; \$20,000 to \$50,000 at 3 per cent; \$50,000 to \$75,000 at 5 per cent; \$75,000 to \$100,000 at 7 1/2 per cent; and above \$100,000 at 10 per cent.

For distant relatives and friends the rates would be: 3 per cent for \$500 to \$5,000; 5 per cent for \$5,000 to \$20,000; 10 per cent for \$20,000 to \$50,000; 20 per cent for \$50,000 to \$100,000; and 30 per cent for \$100,000 or more.

Aliens come under a special class whereby the rate of tax shall be 25 per cent of the market value of inherited property above \$500.

UNNECESSARY WORDS

Why waste words and advertising space in describing the many points of merit in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy? The most fastidious are satisfied when we state that it cures colds and coughs from any cause, and that it contains absolutely no narcotics or injurious substances. For sale by all dealers. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

THROUGHS ATTEND FUNERAL OF HERO OF RUSSIAN WAR

Thousands Line Streets of Tokio As Body of Oyama Passes To Grave

PROCESSION TAKES TWO HOURS IN THE PASSAGE

Princes of Royal Blood and Common Folk United in Their Sorrow

(Special Cablegram to Hawaii Ship)

TOKIO, December 18.—The funeral of General Prince Oyama, elder statesman and hero of the Russo-Japanese war, was held yesterday with state and military honors.

Thousands of people lined the streets to witness the funeral procession which took two hours to pass. Two army divisions, including the Imperial Guard, attended the body. Students and school children also paid honor to the late advisor of the Emperor.

Princes of the royal blood, army and navy officials, foreign diplomats and state officers attended the funeral services, which were held in Hibiya Park, whence the body was taken from the Prince's late residence at Aoyama. The services were according to the rites of the Shinto religion and were conducted by the Reverend Senke.

The Mikado sent Viscount K. Matsudaira, imperial messenger, as his representative to read a special address. The imperial address was as follows: "We feel the deepest sorrow at the loss of one of our greatest statesmen and bravest generals in the death of General Prince Oyama who throughout his life worked always for the protection of the honor and the welfare of our country. We hope that the noble spirit of our faithful subject will enjoy his life in another world recollecting the noble works he has done in this world."

After the services, the body was taken by the train from Ueno station to the family vault in the country.

BRAZILIAN BARK LOST IN STORM

Search of Hours Fails To Locate Her In Gale Off the New Jersey Coast

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

NEW YORK, December 17.—The Brazilian bark Nethis, with a crew of twelve on board has been lost at sea, according to the testimony of the skipper of the tug Garibaldi, which reached here last night, after spending hours searching for the windjammer in the storm which is raging off the coast of New Jersey.

According to the story of Captain Moraes, commanding the tug, he sighted the bark laboring in the sea last Friday night, when both craft were off Barnegat Inlet. Her chain tackle was over the side and she was endeavoring to hold herself off the shoals that line that coast at that point. But the wind and seas were too strong for her and her tackle snapped, allowing her to drift. The last that the Garibaldi saw of her she was drifting helplessly before the gale. Captain Moraes searched for hours using his searchlights and blowing his whistle, but never saw the bark again, nor any of her boats. He fears that all on board perished.

Mexicans Bar All Clergymen From Teaching Schools

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

QUERETARO, Mexico, December 18.—Barring clergymen of all sects from acting as instructors in any school, the educational section of the new constitution for Mexico has been adopted by the de facto government constitutional convention, in session here. The section puts an absolute prohibition on priests or ministers of any denomination holding positions as teachers or professors in any school or college.

Opposition to this provision, which had become very strong, was overcome by arguments which quoted contents of the days of the Spanish Inquisition. "Remember the Inquisition" was the slogan of supporters of the educational section as adopted.

Teuton Schoolboys Are Now Conscripted

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

LONDON, December 17.—Reuters correspondent at Copenhagen reports that according to advices received in that city yesterday the governments of Schleswig and Prussia have proclaimed the civil conscription of school boys. They will be used in rudimentary work for the empire.

HALF A BILLION WOULD END WAR

Rockefeller Foundation Investigator Believes Such a Sum For Non-combatants Needed

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

WASHINGTON, December 18.—Half a billion dollars offered by America as a fund for the relief of non-combatants in the European war area would be a most powerful argument for peace according to Frederick O. Walcott, who recently completed an investigation of conditions in Poland and Belgium for the Rockefeller Foundation.

Mr. Walcott had as his audience yesterday at the home of Miss Mabel Boardman, Red Cross leader, a gathering of prominent people including many senators and representatives.

In describing conditions in Poland and Belgium, Mr. Walcott declared that the civilians in all parts of Europe where the war has devastated the country are clamoring for peace in order to obtain funds that will permit the rehabilitation of their homes.

The offer by America of a half billion dollars to carry on this work of restoration and rehabilitation, said Mr. Walcott, would meet this desire of the civilian populations and would thus be a most potent factor in bringing about an end of the hostilities in Europe.

PSYCHOLOGIST OF HARVARD DEAD

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts, December 17.—Hugo Munsterberg, noted German-American psychologist, educator and author, Harvard professor and spokesman for his native land, died here yesterday.

Professor Munsterberg was lecturing to a class of sixty women at Radcliffe College when he was stricken. He passed away within a few moments. He is survived by a widow and a daughter.

Since 1892, Professor Munsterberg has made Harvard University the home of his exhaustive research into the realms of psychology—work that won world-wide fame for him. The psychological laboratory at Harvard is one of the results of Professor Munsterberg's labors. He was director of this laboratory at the time of his death.

Born in Danzig, Professor Munsterberg was born in Danzig, Germany, June 1, 1863, and graduated from Danzig Gymnasium in 1882. He spent the next five years in Leipzig and Heidelberg in post-graduate studies in philosophy, natural sciences and medicine.

He married Selma Oppler of Strassburg in 1887 and that year was appointed instructor and assistant professor at the University of Freiburg where he remained until 1891.

The next year he was made professor of psychology at Harvard and it was during his work here that he attained a position of international prominence in his field.

During the last two years, Professor Munsterberg had shown himself to be an ardent sympathizer with the cause of his homeland, and in numerous utterances became one of the leading spokesmen for Germany's side of the war. In this regard he became involved in numerous controversies over various issues of the world conflict. In one such instance declining an invitation to join the newly organized league to enforce peace, Professor Munsterberg, disavowing the possible success of a coalition of nations as an international peace patrol, wrote:

"The interests of strong growing nations will lead in the future as in the past to conflicts in which both sides are morally in the right and in which one must yield. We have no right to hope that after this war the nations will be more willing to give up their chances in such conflicts without having appealed to force. On the contrary, the world has now become accustomed to war and will therefore more easily return to the trenches."

"The break between England and Russia and finally the threatening cloud of world conflict between Occident and Orient can already be seen on the horizon; the battles of today may be only the preamble."

"In such tremendous hours the new fashioned agreements would be cobwebs which surely could not bind the arms of any energetic nation."

Exchange Professor

During his many years at Harvard, Professor Munsterberg devoted himself particularly to the physiological problems involved in modern psychology. In 1910 and 1911, he was Harvard exchange professor at the University of Berlin.

JAPANESE RUSH WORK ON BASE OF FOUNTAIN

The foundation of the Japanese fountain in Kapiolani park is almost completed and the base will be erected some time next week. Before the Japanese constructors begin the work of erecting the pedestal a ceremony in Japanese style, will be held. Seventeen constructors are working hard, as two hundred pieces of heavy stone will have to be carried to the park from the pier.

MAUI MAY BREAK FAMINE IN CEMENT

Maui Agricultural Chemist Is Originator of Formula Now Practically Proven

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

Cement of a quality equal to the best received from the mainland has been made on the island of Maui and plans are already under way to manufacture this at present scarce building material on a large scale. The news comes at an opportune time in view of the fact that much of the building in Honolulu has been delayed because of a famine of cement.

The cement, according to an article in the Maui News, is made from coral sand and chemical tests have shown it to be of a superior quality. The article says: "One of the exhibits at the Maui County Fair which was a surprise to not only visitors from the other islands but to most Maui people as well, was that of the Portland cement manufactured here on the island by the Maui Agricultural Company. That this product is of a superior quality, the surplus is to be marketed, and it is expected that it will be possible to sell it at from twenty-five to fifty per cent lower price than other cements of like grade."

"The cement is made from beach sand and crushed lava rock. The process has been worked out by J. P. Foster, chemist of the Maui Agricultural Company, through a series of experiments covering a period of several years. It was Mr. Foster, also, who first demonstrated the practicality of making lime from the coral sand of the sea beach, which product has been a use for clarifying purposes in the Maui mills for a number of years."

"Primarily the product will be used to supersede the large amounts of imported cement now used on the Alexander & Baldwin plantations on this island, particularly in connection with the concrete lining of the many miles of irrigated ditches and tunnels. The surplus is to be marketed, and it is expected that it will be possible to sell it at from twenty-five to fifty per cent lower price than other cements of like grade."

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TROUBLE ON COAST AWAITS DEPORTES FROM THIS ISLAND

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

The pilikia of the women who were requested to "move on" when Iwilei was closed up did not end in Honolulu. The port officials of San Francisco are not receiving them with welcome. San Francisco advises are that every effort will be made to exclude the women.

According to the San Francisco Call, any of the Iwilei women who are not citizens of the United States will be held for deportation. The Call under date of December 5 says: "Honolulu anti-war campaign which resulted last week in closing up the restricted district of that city and ordering of all the women residents out of Hawaii, has thrust a problem upon local port officials. Word was received today that most of the women—at least 100 of them—have booked passage on a steamer arriving here next week."

"Commissioner of Immigration Edward White has been looking up the law in the case. Hawaii is American territory and therefore does not come under the regulations for handling doubtful passengers from a foreign country. All the women who can prove their American citizenship will be permitted to land, according to present intentions. Those who cannot will be held until a solution of the difficulty is found."

HILO NOT AFRAID TO DO PROPER THING

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

HILO, December 13.—Land owners in Puna are asked by the board of supervisors to kindly sit up and take notice, for at a meeting of the board last week a resolution was passed for the improvement of the city at the expense of the land owners fronting on Wainaku Avenue.

This resolution commands all property owners with land fronting on Wainaku Avenue, between the Waialua bridge and the Pukiahe bridge, to build sidewalks along their frontage on the avenue and complete this sidewalk within sixty days, in accordance with the grade, or the county will step in and build the sidewalk and charge the property owners for the job at county rates.

These sidewalks are to be of standard material of the best cement and must run along both sides of the avenue, which has recently been greatly improved and graded by the county.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHES

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. Used the world over to cure a cold in one day. The signature of E. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by the PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

FRENCH DRIVE NEAR VERDUN PUSHES AHEAD DESPITE FOE

Resistance of Germans Under Crown Prince Unable To Hold Back Poilus Who Are Still Advancing To the North

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

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BERLIN ADMITS LOSSES IN WESTERN THEATER

Von Mackensen Continues His Offensive Against Rumanians and Announces Crossing of Buzeu River and Capture of Prisoners

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)

NEW YORK, December 17.—The French are continuing their fierce drive north of Verdun, and are reported to be progressing satisfactorily in spite of the increasingly stubborn resistance of the Germans under the Crown Prince.

The Berlin reports of this and other fighting in the west indicate that the Germans have been losing steadily in several of the sectors where the fighting has been hottest of late. Southwest of Wyttschaete, in the vicinity of Ransart, Flanders, the British have been hammering hard at the German lines.

TEUTON LINE PIERCED

The Teutonic general staff last night announced that the German first lines have been pierced and the British had gained foothold in the Teutonic trenches, through the expense of heavy losses.

The Berlin despatch also reports the loss of Bezon-Vaux. Though the Germans suffered reverses upon the Western front in the Balkans they continued their advances. General von Mackensen yesterday reported that he has been successful in his efforts to cross the Buzeu river and the lower Calmatul river and took 1150 prisoners from the retreating Rumanians as well as large quantities of railroad material.

SLAVS LOSE VILLAGE

Petrograd reports the loss by the Slavs of the village of Testmele, and Berlin announces that the troops under the command of Prince Leopold, operating in the Volhynia region successfully attacked and carried by storm about six hundred yards of the Russian front, north of the railroad between Koval and Lutsk.

This is the sector in which the Russians, under General Brussiloff launched their big offensive of last summer, and were held by the timely arrival of the Germans after they had smashed the Austrian lines.

PRISONERS TAKEN

Prince Leopold reports the capture of three hundred prisoners and some guns and ammunition. On the Italian front the big guns are busy with the enemy, but the Italian and Austrian infantry has been comparatively quiet, owing largely to the inclement weather, which has made of that front an impossible fighting ground.

SUPREME COURT JUSTICE RESUMES PRIVATE PRACTISE

Associate Justice Watson's resignation from the bench of the supreme court took effect yesterday. He worked until four o'clock in the afternoon, when he finished a decision of the court prepared by him in a garnishment case. Judge Watson will open law offices this morning in the rooms formerly occupied by Judge Coke in the Kapiolani Building, where he will engage in private practice. The retired associate justice has succeeded Judge Coke as attorney for the public utilities commission.